ACT Legislative Assembly
Electoral Boundaries
Redistribution 2015

Proposed redistribution of the ACT into electorates for the ACT Legislative Assembly

AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

ACT
Redistribution
Committee

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AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY
FOR THE QUEEN, THE LAW, AND THE PEOPLE

ACT
Redistribution
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ACT Legislative Assembly Electoral Boundaries Redistribution 2015

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Summary of proposed redistribution

The 2015 ACT Redistribution Committee proposes, in accordance with section 43 of the *Electoral Act 1992*, that the electoral boundaries in the Australian Capital Territory be as follows:

Brindabella, a 5-Member electorate comprising the district of Tuggeranong (excluding the suburb of Kambah and that portion of Tuggeranong District adjacent to Kambah to the west of Athllon Drive) and the districts of Booth, Cotter River, Paddys River, Rendezvous Creek, Tennent and Mount Clear;

Ginninderra, a 5-Member electorate comprising the district of Belconnen (excluding the suburbs of Evatt, Giralang, Kaleen, Lawson and McKellar and that portion of Belconnen District adjacent to the Barton Highway);

Kurrajong, a 5-Member electorate comprising the districts of Canberra Central, Jerrabomberra (including the entire suburb of Hume), Kowen and Majura;

Murrumbidgee, a 5-Member electorate comprising the districts of Molonglo Valley, Weston Creek, Woden Valley, Coree (including the village of Uriarra) and Stromlo, the Tuggeranong suburb of Kambah, and that portion of Tuggeranong District adjacent to Kambah to the west of Athllon Drive; and

Yerrabi, a 5-Member electorate comprising the districts of Gungahlin and Hall, the Belconnen suburbs of Evatt, Giralang, Kaleen, Lawson and McKellar and that portion of Belconnen District adjacent to the Barton Highway.

Overall statistical summary

Quotas and maximum and minimum numbers of electors

	ACT total	5 Member electorates
30 January 2015		
Actual enrolment	271,036	
Quota		54,207
Not more than 110% of the quota		56,917
Not less than 90% of the quota		51,497
October 2016		
Projected enrolment	279,845	
Quota		55,969
Not more than 105% of the quota		58,767
Not less than 95% of the quota		53,171

Proposed electorates: Statistical summary

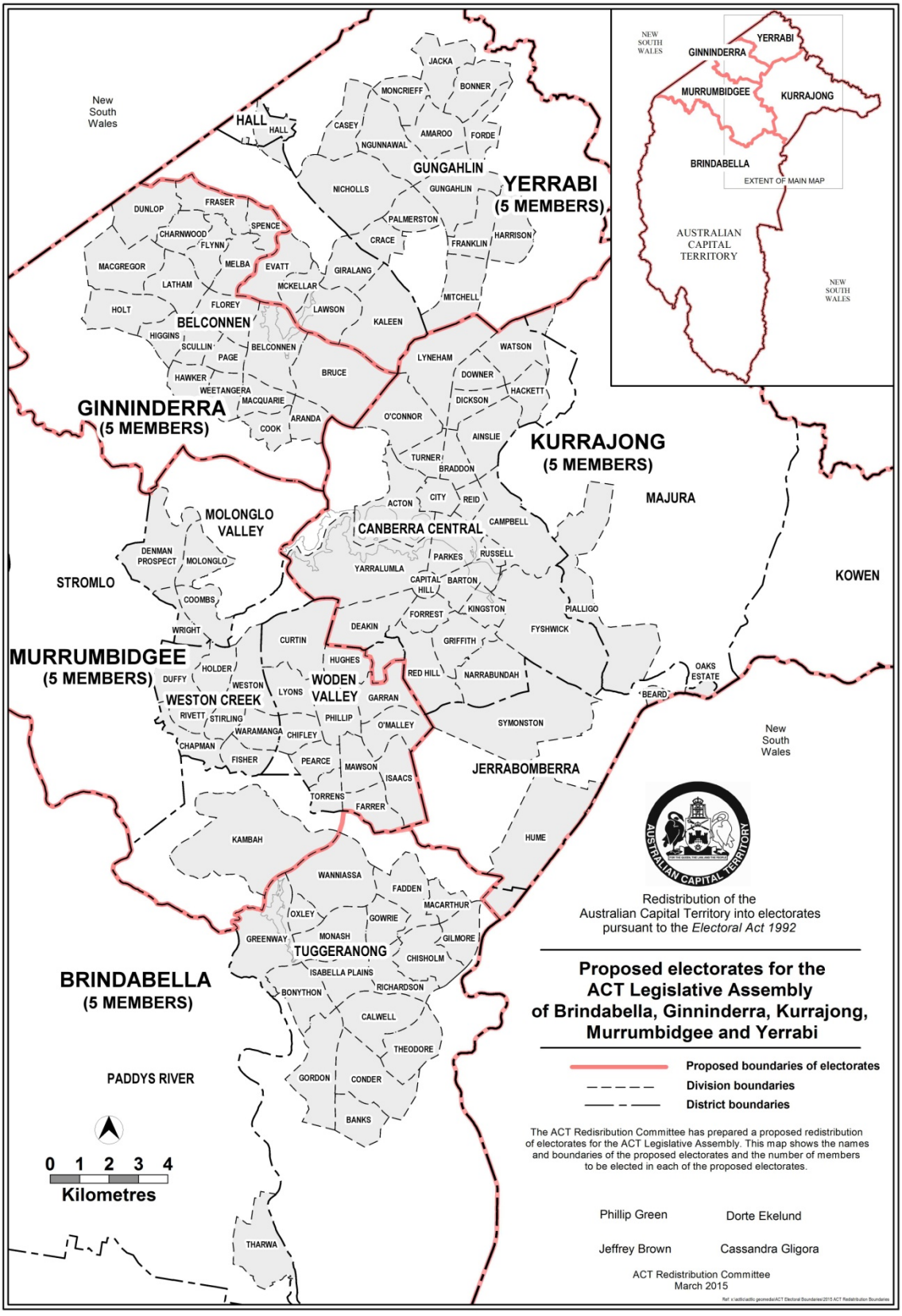
Proposed electorate	Number of Members	Enrolment January 2015	% above or below quota 2015	Projected enrolment October 2016	% above or below quota 2016
Brindabella	5	53,091	-2.06%	54,576	-2.49%
Ginninderra	5	53,769	-0.81%	56,637	1.19%
Kurrajong	5	56,302	3.86%	57,937	3.52%
Murrumbidgee	5	54,811	1.11%	55,587	-0.68%
Yerrabi	5	53,063	-2.11%	55,108	-1.54%

For a detailed breakdown of these statistics see Appendix A.

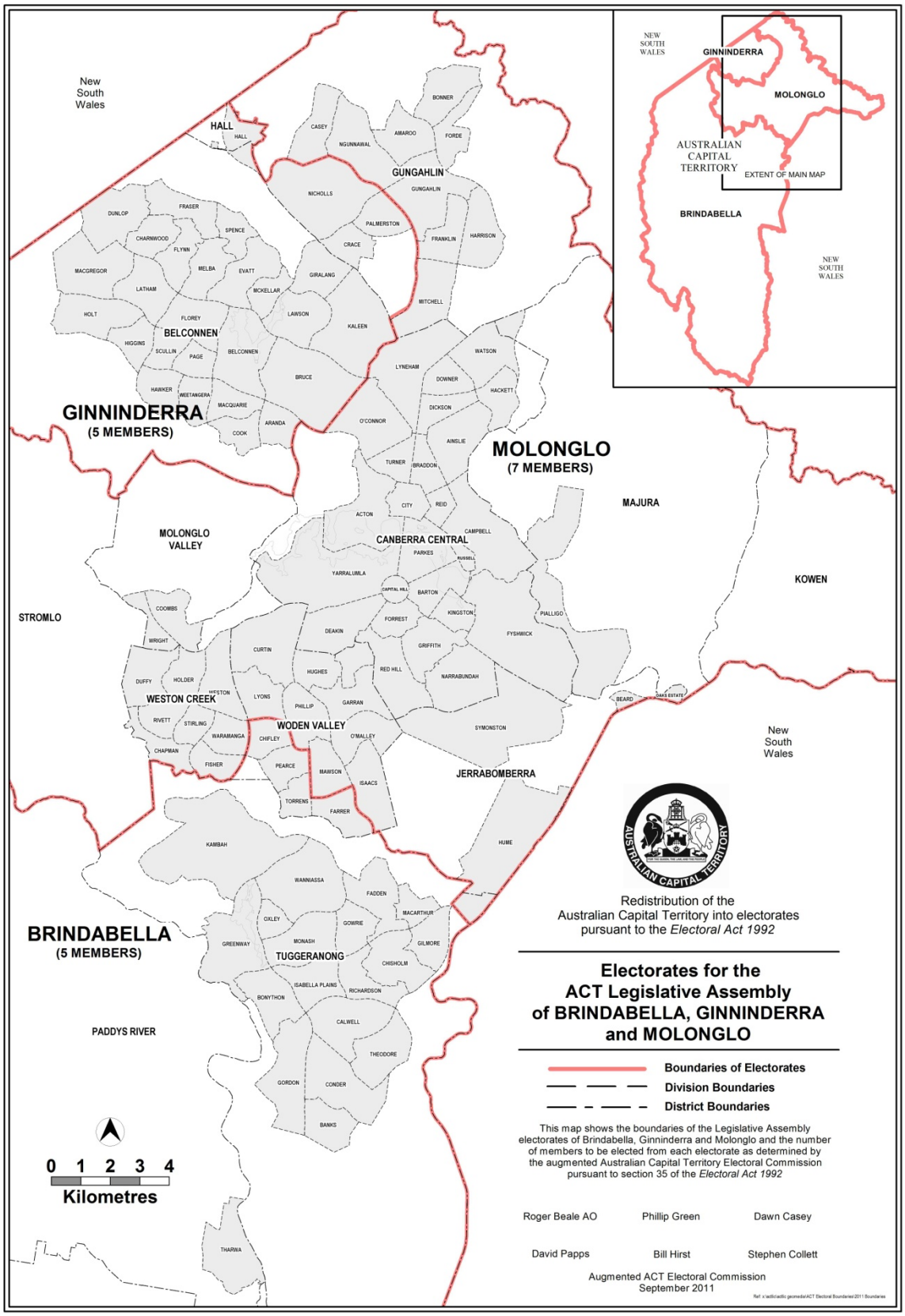
A map of the proposed electorate boundaries is shown on page 3.

A map of the existing electorate boundaries is shown on page 4.

Map of proposed boundaries



Map of existing boundaries



Legal Requirements

Commencement of the redistribution process

Section 37 of the *Electoral Act 1992* (the Electoral Act) provides that a redistribution of the electoral boundaries of the ACT shall begin as soon as practicable after the commencement of the period of 2 years ending on the expiration of the 3rd Saturday in October in the year in which the next ordinary election is due to be held. The next election is due to be held on 15 October 2016.

The Redistribution Committee

Under section 39 of the Electoral Act, the ACT Electoral Commission is required to appoint a Redistribution Committee for the purposes of each redistribution. Before appointing this Redistribution Committee, the Commission gave careful consideration to the appointment of the fourth member of the Committee. The Commission appointed this Redistribution Committee on 17 October 2014. Notice of the appointment of the Redistribution Committee was notified on the ACT Legislation Register and became effective on 21 October 2014.

The Redistribution Committee consists of the Electoral Commissioner (Mr Phillip Green, who is the presiding member of the Redistribution Committee), the Chief Planning Executive, ACT Planning and Land Authority (Ms Dorte Ekelund), the Surveyor-General (Mr Jeffrey Brown) and a person appointed by the ACT Electoral Commission, the Regional Director, ACT Office, Australian Bureau of Statistics (Ms Cassandra Gligora).

The Redistribution Committee has 2 key functions. Under section 41 of the Electoral Act, the Redistribution Committee is required to invite written suggestions and comments about the redistribution. Under sections 43 and 44 of the Electoral Act, the Redistribution Committee is required to publish a proposed redistribution of electorates after considering any suggestions and comments it has received, and invite written objections to its proposal within 28 days of the official notification of the proposed electorates.

Invitation to submit suggestions and comments

In accordance with section 41 of the Electoral Act, the Redistribution Committee invited written suggestions relating to the redistribution, and written comments on those suggestions, by written notice published in the *Canberra Times* and the ACT Legislation Register on 6 November 2014. The closing date for suggestions was 4 December 2014. Fifty-six suggestions were received by the closing date. The closing date for comments on these suggestions was 18 December 2014. Nine comments on suggestions were received.

Redistribution criteria

Section 36 of the Electoral Act sets out the criteria under which a redistribution is to be conducted. This section (as applied to a Redistribution Committee by section 43 of the Electoral Act) prescribes that a Redistribution Committee, in making a redistribution of electorates, shall:

(a) ensure that the number of electors in an electorate immediately after the redistribution is within the range permitted by subsection 67D(2) of the *Australian Capital Territory (Self-Government) Act 1988* (the Self-Government Act) of the Commonwealth;

(b) endeavour to ensure, as far as practicable, that the number of electors in an electorate at the time of the next general election of Members of the Legislative Assembly will not be greater than 105%, or less than 95%, of the expected quota for the electorate at that time ascertained in accordance with the formula set out in subsection 67D(1) of the Self-Government Act; and

(c) duly consider —

(i) the community of interests within each proposed electorate, including economic, social and regional interests;
(ii) the means of communication and travel within each proposed electorate;
(iii) the physical features and area of each proposed electorate;
(iv) the boundaries of existing electorates; and
(v) the boundaries of divisions and sections fixed under the *Districts Act 2002*.

Section 67D of the *Australian Capital Territory (Self-Government) Act 1988* of the Commonwealth prescribes that:

(1) In this section:

quota, in relation to an electorate for the Territory, means the number calculated in accordance with the formula:

$$\frac{\text{Number of Territory electors} \times \text{Number of electorate members}}{\text{Number of Territory members}}$$

where:

Number of Territory electors means the number of electors of the Territory;

Number of electorate members means the number of members to be elected by the electorate;

Number of Territory members means the number of members of the Assembly.

(2) A distribution or redistribution of the Territory into electorates is not to result in any electorate having, immediately after the distribution or redistribution:

(a) a number of electors of the Territory greater than 110% of its quota; or

(b) a number of electors of the Territory less than 90% of its quota.

Objections

Written objections to the Redistribution Committee's proposed redistribution can be lodged with the ACT Electoral Commission by no later than 28 April 2015.

Objections should be lodged at:

ACT Electoral Commission
Ground Floor, North Building, Civic Square
London Circuit
CANBERRA ACT 2601

Postal Address: PO Box 272, CIVIC SQUARE ACT 2608

Phone: (02) 6205 0033, Fax: (02) 6205 0382

Email: elections@act.gov.au

Who considers objections?

Objections to the Redistribution Committee's proposal will be considered by the Augmented ACT Electoral Commission under section 49 of the Electoral Act.

The Augmented Commission consists of the Chairperson of the ACT Electoral Commission (Mr Roger Beale AO), the Electoral Commissioner (Mr Phillip Green, who is the presiding member of the Redistribution Committee), the third member of the ACT Electoral Commission (Ms Dawn Casey) and the other members of the Redistribution Committee: the Chief Planning Executive (Ms Dorte Ekelund), the ACT Surveyor-General (Mr Jeffrey Brown) and the Regional Director, ACT Office, Australian Bureau of Statistics (Ms Cassandra Gligora).

The Augmented Commission may hold public hearings into objections to the proposed redistribution.

Numbers of electors

Numbers of electors immediately after the redistribution

Paragraph 36(a) of the Electoral Act requires the Committee to ensure that the number of electors in an electorate immediately after the redistribution is within the range permitted by subsection 67D(2) of the Self-Government Act. The Committee has had recourse to several sets of enrolment statistics in the course of the redistribution.

Before appointing the Redistribution Committee, the ACT Electoral Commission obtained enrolment statistics for the ACT from the Australian Electoral Commission, broken down by suburb. These enrolment statistics were compiled on 29 August 2014. These statistics were used to project the enrolment figures by suburb at the time of the next election. They were made available for the information of people lodging submissions.

This report includes updated enrolment statistics compiled on 30 January 2015. The Committee considered that these figures were sufficient for ensuring the criterion related to current enrolment will be met under its proposed redistribution. However, the Augmented Electoral Commission may seek updated enrolment statistics from the Australian Electoral Commission before it makes its final determination, to ensure that the final determination is made against the latest enrolment statistics.

Numbers of electors at the time of the next general election

Paragraph 36(b) of the Electoral Act requires the Committee to endeavour to ensure, as far as practicable, that the number of electors in an electorate at the time of the next general election is within the range of not greater than 105% nor less than 95% of the quota at that time. The next general election is due to be held on 15 October 2016 under section 100 of the Electoral Act.

In order to comply with this criterion, the ACT Electoral Commission engaged the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) to project enrolment at the suburb level as at 15 October 2016. The projected enrolment statistics were calculated by the ABS according to assumptions reflecting prevailing trends and anticipated new dwelling occupancies agreed to by the ACT Electoral Commission, using the number of electors enrolled in each suburb as at 29 August 2014. A detailed description of the methodology used to calculate the projected enrolment statistics is included in the introduction to those statistics, which are available from the Commission (see http://www.elections.act.gov.au/__data/assets/pdf_file/0017/12329/Guidelines_for_submissions.pdf).

The Committee noted that the enrolment projections for October 2016 are simply projections; based on current enrolment statistics and anticipated population changes, taking past population growth and projected housing developments into account. In particular, the Committee noted that the methodology used to calculate projected enrolment at the time of the 2016 election may not have accurately taken account of new developments expected to occur in the ACT, especially in the district of Molonglo Valley, the district of Gungahlin and the Belconnen suburb of Lawson.

As the projected enrolment totals for October 2016 are simply estimates, they cannot be expected to be totally accurate. The Committee considers that it is necessary to leave a margin of error to allow for the possibility that enrolment projections to suburb level may not accurately forecast the actual enrolment relativities of the 5 electorates at the time of the next election. For this reason, the Committee has taken care that the boundaries proposed by the Committee include a margin for error to ensure that each electorate will be within the required +/-5% range at the time of the next election.

Quotas

At 30 January 2015 there were 271,036 electors on the roll for the ACT. The quota for the 5-Member electorates determined in accordance with section 67D of the Self-Government Act is 54,207, the permitted minimum enrolment (not less than 90% of the quota) is 51,497, and the permitted maximum enrolment (not greater than 110% of the quota) is 56,917.

The ABS projects that there will be 279,845 electors on the roll for the ACT in October 2016. Therefore the quota for the 5-Member electorates at that time determined in accordance with subsection 67D(1) of the Self-Government Act is 55,969, the permitted minimum enrolment (not less than 95% of the quota) is 53,171, and the permitted maximum enrolment (not greater than 105% of the quota) is 58,767.

The other redistribution criteria

The criteria set out in paragraph 36(c) of the Electoral Act — community of interests, means of communication and travel, physical features and area, boundaries of existing electorates and boundaries of divisions and sections fixed under the *Districts Act 2002* — are subservient to the 2 objectives of enrolments in proposed electorates being within a range of 5% above or below the quota at the time of the next election and current enrolments being within 10% above or below the quota. However, given these 2 constraints the Committee sought to ensure that the other criteria were given maximum possible effect. In particular, the Committee considered that these criteria were best met by avoiding, where possible, splitting suburbs and districts and by selecting boundaries which clearly separate communities.

Suggestions and comments

Fifty-six suggestions were lodged with the Redistribution Committee by the close of the suggestions period on 4 December 2014. Nine comments on the suggestions were received by the closing date on 18 December 2014. Copies of the suggestions and comments may be viewed at the Commission's office or obtained from its website, www.elections.act.gov.au.

The Committee met on 3 February 2015 to discuss the public suggestions and comments received. Discussion on the views expressed in the suggestions and comments is included in the following sections on the Committee's proposed boundaries and names.

A list of the suggestions and comments received is at Attachment B.

To assist persons and organisations making submissions to the Redistribution Committee, the ACT Electoral Commission provided an interactive mapping tool on its website. This enabled submitters to model different configurations of electoral boundaries, to determine whether proposed boundaries met the numerical requirements, and to lodge submissions on-line, by uploading proposed maps and supporting documents. Many of the suggestions used this mapping tool to lodge submissions.

The Committee's proposed boundaries

Strategic considerations

This redistribution is different from all those that have preceded it as, for the first time, the ACT is to be divided into 5 electorates each returning 5 members. For each redistribution prior to this current instance, the ACT has been divided into 3 electorates, with 2 electorates each returning 5 members and 1 electorate returning 7 members.

Given this major change to the number of electorates, the Redistribution Committee could have approached this task by treating the ACT as a blank slate, without giving substantial regard to the existing boundaries. However, notwithstanding the increase in the number of electorates, section 36 of the Electoral Act lists "the boundaries of existing electorates" as a factor to be duly considered. As a result, the Redistribution Committee considered it appropriate to use the existing boundaries as a starting point for its considerations.

A recurring theme from all earlier redistributions, also referred to in many of the submissions and comments submitted during this redistribution process, has been the desirability of avoiding the splitting of the main urban districts. This aim can be presented as giving effect to the requirement in section 36 of the Electoral Act to duly consider a range of factors, including the community of interests, the means of communication and travel, and the physical features and area of each proposed electorate. The planned nature of the national capital's urban environment, including the physical separation and staged development of the various urban districts, has invested a strong sense of separate identity in each of the urban districts and a considerable degree of physical separation between each of them.

Consequently, an "ideal" redistribution would be one that avoided splitting any districts in the ACT. This view was expressed in several of the public suggestions. However, the numerical criteria, particularly the requirement that enrolment be within +/- 5% of the quota at the time of the next election, dictates that any district that is larger than the permitted size must of necessity be split into at least 2 electorates.

In the present case, the districts of Belconnen and Tuggeranong are each projected to include more electors at the time of the next election than are permitted under section 36(b) of the Electoral Act. The projected total enrolment at the time of the October 2016 election is 256,168, giving a quota of 55,969. In order to meet the requirement that enrolments must be within +/-5% of the quota at that time, enrolments must be within the range 53,171– 58,767. Belconnen is projected to include 71,055 electors in October 2016, while Tuggeranong is projected to include 66,309 electors in 2016. This effectively dictates that, as a minimum, Belconnen and Tuggeranong cannot each be wholly contained within 1 electorate.

The current electorate of Brindabella consists of all of Tuggeranong district plus the Woden Valley suburbs of Chifley, Farrer, Pearce and Torrens, together with the southern rural districts. A recurring objection to the makeup of Brindabella has been the need to include some Woden Valley suburbs in the electorate in order to satisfy the numerical criteria, thereby splitting Woden district between 2 electorates. As Tuggeranong is now projected to be too large to be contained within 1 electorate, this presents the opportunity to focus the electorate of Brindabella on Tuggeranong (less 1 or more suburbs to satisfy the numerical constraints) and to include all Woden suburbs within the same electorate.

Similarly, the current electorate of Ginninderra consists of all of Belconnen district plus the Gungahlin suburbs of Crace, Nichols and Palmerston. A recurring objection to the makeup of Ginninderra since 2000 has been the need to include some Gungahlin suburbs in the electorate in order to satisfy the numerical criteria, thereby splitting the Gungahlin district between 2 electorates. As Belconnen is now projected to be too large to be contained within 1 electorate, this presents the opportunity to focus the electorate of Ginninderra on Belconnen (less some suburbs to satisfy the numerical constraints) and to include all Gungahlin suburbs within another single electorate.

The current electorate of Molonglo, as the bigger 7 member electorate, encompasses a large proportion of the urban area of the ACT, stretching from Gungahlin, through Central Canberra and Woden Valley to Weston Creek. The largest district in Molonglo currently is Central Canberra, encompassing the older parts of Canberra north and south of Lake Burley Griffin and constituting the central core of the electorate. Under the projected enrolments for 2016, Central Canberra is projected to contain almost exactly 20% of the enrolled population. This presents an ideal opportunity to contract the current electorate of Molonglo to this central core, together with some rural and industrial areas adjacent to Central Canberra.

These considerations in turn shape the options available for the 2 new electorates. With Brindabella shrinking to a Tuggeranong-only electorate, and the current electorate of Molonglo shrinking to encompass primarily only Central Canberra, a new electorate emerges that would consist of the districts of Weston Creek, Woden Valley and Molonglo Valley, plus that part of Tuggeranong that must be excised from Brindabella.

Similarly, with Ginninderra shrinking to a Belconnen-only electorate and the current electorate of Molonglo shrinking to encompass primarily only Central Canberra, a second new electorate emerges that would consist of the districts of Gungahlin and Hall, plus that part of Belconnen that must be excised from Ginninderra.

Seen in this light, the key decisions that need to be made in this redistribution can be confined to determining which part or parts of Tuggeranong are to be included in the new Weston Creek, Woden Valley and Molonglo Valley electorate; and which parts of Belconnen are to be included in the new electorate centred on Gungahlin.

This approach minimises splitting districts, with only Belconnen and Tuggeranong to be split as both districts are too large to be included in only 1 electorate each.

The Tuggeranong-based electorate

The Tuggeranong District is projected to include 66,309 electors in October 2016, or 23.69% of the total ACT enrolment. In order to bring it within the required range of +/-5% of the quota at that time, the enrolment in each electorate must be within the range 53,171 – 58,767.

In order to bring the Tuggeranong-based electorate into this range, at least 1 Tuggeranong suburb needs to be included in another electorate. Most public suggestions supported the transfer of the most northerly suburb, Kambah, to the Weston Creek, Woden Valley and Molonglo Valley-based electorate. A small number of submissions suggested some other combinations of north-easterly Tuggeranong suburbs, such as Wanniassa, Fadden, Macarthur, Gowrie, Chisholm and/or Gilmore.

The Committee supports the suggestion made in the majority of the public submissions and proposes to include Kambah in the Weston Creek, Woden Valley and Molonglo Valley-based electorate. As the most northerly and westerly of the Tuggeranong suburbs, Kambah is close to Weston Creek and Woden Valley. Kambah has strong communication links with Weston Creek and Woden Valley via Namatjira Drive, Tuggeranong Parkway and Athllon Drive. These areas share access to the adjacent Cooleman Ridge Nature Reserve and Mount Taylor Nature Reserve.

The electorate border between Kambah and Wanniassa and Oxley would follow Athllon Drive, a major road that is not directly accessed by residential driveways. The Committee has also proposed that Athllon Drive be the electorate border to divide that portion of Tuggeranong District adjacent to Kambah to the west of Athllon Drive from the remainder of Tuggeranong District.

While the numerical criteria could be satisfied by including suburbs other than Kambah with another electorate, the Committee was not satisfied that it would be more appropriate to include suburbs such as Wanniassa, Fadden, Macarthur, Gowrie, Chisholm and/or Gilmore in another electorate. For this to occur, several suburbs would need to be split from the remainder of Tuggeranong, losing the focus of the core electorate centred on the majority of Tuggeranong suburbs.

As Kambah is such a large suburb, its separation from the remainder of Tuggeranong enables the numerical criteria to be met by only transferring 1 suburb. The Committee considers this a more appropriate solution compared to the alternative of transferring several of the more easterly suburbs.

While it is not ideal to split a district, the Committee considers that the exclusion of Kambah from the Tuggeranong-based electorate best fits the criteria in the Electoral Act.

The Committee also considers that the rural and remote districts of Booth, Cotter River, Paddys River, Rendezvous Creek, Tennent and Mount Clear that are currently within the electorate of Brindabella should remain with the proposed Tuggeranong-based electorate.

However, the Committee has proposed that the district of Coree, containing the village of Uriarra, should be transferred from the existing electorate of Brindabella to the proposed Weston Creek, Woden Valley and Molonglo Valley-based electorate. This change is proposed to give recognition to the strong lines of communication that exist between Uriarra and Weston Creek, as the nearest accessible urban area.

The Belconnen-based electorate

The Belconnen District is projected to include 71,055 electors in October 2016, or 25.39% of the total ACT enrolment. In order to bring it within the required range of +/-5% of the quota at that time, the enrolment in each electorate must be within the range 53,171 – 58,767.

In order to bring the Belconnen-based electorate into this range, several Belconnen suburbs need to be included in another electorate. Most public suggestions supported either the transfer of Evatt, Giralang, Kaleen, Lawson and McKellar from Ginninderra to the Gungahlin-based electorate, or the transfer of Bruce, Giralang, Kaleen and Lawson.

Other suggestions included transferring Dunlop, Fraser and/or Spence as alternatives to Bruce, Evatt and/or McKellar.

On balance, the Committee has decided to propose that Evatt, Giralang, Kaleen, Lawson and McKellar be transferred from Ginninderra to the Gungahlin-based electorate.

There is general agreement that it would be appropriate to include Giralang and Kaleen with the Gungahlin-based electorate as these suburbs abut the Barton Highway and are the closest Belconnen suburbs to Gungahlin. There is also considerable support for including Lawson with these 2 suburbs, as Lawson adjoins these suburbs, all of which are north of Ginninderra Drive. Lawson will also be developed in the same time frame as some of the newer Gungahlin suburbs and can be expected to share many of the same concerns.

A total of 14 submissions supported Bruce being included in the Gungahlin-based electorate, while 17 submissions supported McKellar's inclusion and 10 supported Evatt's inclusion. The Committee considered it appropriate to keep Evatt and McKellar combined in the same electorate as the 2 suburbs are closely connected.

The Committee considered there to be a stronger case to include Evatt, Giralang, Kaleen, Lawson and McKellar in the Gungahlin-based electorate as these suburbs were all north of Ginninderra Drive and closer to Gungahlin than Bruce, which has very close connections to Belconnen Town Centre. The Committee also noted that Bruce contained several high-profile institutions that are strongly associated with Belconnen, including Calvary Hospital, the Canberra Stadium, the Australian Institute of Sport, the University of Canberra and Radford College.

The Committee also considered that the communication links between Evatt, Giralang, Kaleen, Lawson and McKellar with Gungahlin, with access via William Slim Drive and Gungahlin Drive via Ginninderra Drive, were stronger than those between Bruce and Gungahlin.

The Committee did not consider that the alternative suggestions of Dunlop, Fraser and/or Spence were better options, as these suburbs were further from Gungahlin and connected only by Kuringa Drive.

The Gungahlin-based electorate

Having determined that the Belconnen suburbs of Evatt, Giralang, Kaleen, Lawson and McKellar should be transferred from Ginninderra to the Gungahlin-based electorate, the Committee noted that the combination of these suburbs with Gungahlin District would create a new electorate that fell within the required +/-5% variation from the quota in October 2016.

Noting that all the suburbs adjoining the Barton Highway north of Gungahlin Drive are to be included in the Gungahlin-based electorate, the Committee considered that it would be appropriate to include the division of Hall in this electorate, given that Hall Village is to the north of the Barton Highway. It also considered it appropriate to include that portion of Belconnen District adjacent to the Barton Highway in this electorate.

The Committee considered that a new electorate established on these lines would have very clear boundaries, extending from the Federal Highway to the Barton Highway, along the Lyneham suburb boundary to Ginninderra Drive, along Copland Drive to the suburb boundaries behind Spence, Fraser and Dunlop, up to the ACT border.

The Committee did not accept the suggestion that North Lyneham be included in the Gungahlin-based electorate. Given the Electoral Act requirement to give consideration to division (suburb) boundaries, and the strong sentiments expressed in favour of avoiding the splitting of districts, the Committee did not see any justification for splitting the Central Canberra District between 2 electorates by including North Lyneham in the Gungahlin-based electorate.

The Central Canberra-based electorate

The district of Central Canberra is projected to encompass 20.43% of the enrolled elector population in October 2016. This enables this district to constitute an electorate without any need to incorporate any electors from any other significant urban districts.

This electorate can be perceived as the core of the existing electorate of Molonglo, less the district of Gungahlin in the north and the districts of Weston Creek, Woden Valley and Molonglo Valley in the southwest. The Committee considered it appropriate to include the adjacent urban and industrial districts that are currently in Molonglo in this electorate. Therefore the Committee proposes that the districts of Jerrabomberra (including the entire suburb of Hume), Kowen and Majura be included in the Central Canberra-based electorate.

Some of the submissions suggested including Jerrabomberra, Hume, Beard and/or Oaks Estate in other electorates. Given that these areas are all currently within the existing Molonglo electorate, the Committee considered that it would be appropriate to leave them in this same electorate; noting in particular that these areas have never been in the same electorate as the Tuggeranong District. While several submissions suggested including some or all of these areas in the Weston Creek, Woden Valley and Molonglo Valley-based electorate, the Committee considered that there were closer links between the populated components of these areas and Central Canberra than there were to Woden Valley.

The Weston Creek, Woden Valley and Molonglo Valley-based electorate

The decisions made in respect of the 4 electorates defined above effectively shape the remaining electorate, incorporating the districts of Weston Creek, Woden Valley and Molonglo Valley, and the Tuggeranong suburb of Kambah.

The Committee considers that this electorate should contain the rural districts of Stromlo and Coree. The Committee notes that Stromlo adjoins Weston Creek and Molonglo Valley and has strong communication links with these areas. The Committee has also proposed that the district of Coree, containing the village of Uriarra, should be transferred from the existing electorate of Brindabella to this electorate. This change is proposed to give recognition to the strong lines of communication that exist between Uriarra and Weston Creek, as the nearest accessible urban area.

The Committee notes that this electorate has strong boundaries, which follow the district boundary between Woden Valley and Central Canberra, the district boundary between Ginninderra and Molonglo Valley, and the district boundaries around Stromlo and Coree, as well as the line of Athllon Drive to separate Kambah and the adjoining Tuggeranong District hinterland from the rest of Tuggeranong District.

Names of electorates

In the first distribution of electoral boundaries in 1993, the then Redistribution Committee also had the duty to propose names for the electorates. In naming the electorates the Committee was sensitive to the need to avoid confusion with Commonwealth electoral divisions and took cognisance of names that had a common theme and some tangible connection with their respective electorates. The common theme chosen adopted names of Aboriginal origin relating to physical features associated with the landscape of each electorate. The names adopted in 1993 – Brindabella, Ginninderra and Molonglo – would appear to have gained general community acceptance and they have remained unchanged since then.

With the increase in the number of electorates from 3 to 5 in the present redistribution, there is a need to find at least 2 new names for the additional electorates. The Committee also considered it appropriate to revisit the existing names to determine whether they were still suitable.

In calling for public suggestions and comments, the Committee noted in particular that it was interested in receiving public suggestions for names for electorates.

The Committee received many suggested names in the public submissions. These are shown at Appendix B. Some of these names were suggested as descriptive of the location of proposed electorates, rather than as names intended for use as formal electorate names. For example, “North”, “Central-East” and “Gungahlin North Canberra”.

The list of suggested names is remarkable in that only the existing electorate names of Brindabella, Ginninderra and Molonglo received more than 10 mentions. Most of the suggested names achieved only 1 or 2 mentions.

Of the more popular names, Gungahlin (or variations thereon) was the next most preferred name, suggested for the new electorate centred on the district of Gungahlin. The Committee is reluctant to propose a new electorate name that is the same as a district name. In general, the Committee considers it important to avoid any confusion between electorate names and districts or suburbs. In this particular case, as the electorate containing the district of Gungahlin is also proposed to contain suburbs from Belconnen, the Committee considers that it would be misleading to name the electorate Gungahlin as this could give the impression that the Belconnen inclusions in the electorate were not integral to the electorate.

Even if an electorate was to comprise only a single district, the Committee would not be in favour of using the district name as an electorate name. As electorate boundaries are likely to change over time as demographic changes occur, it could be expected that parts of different districts could be transferred in or out of the various electorates from time to time. This would give rise to the risk that a name that might be appropriate at the present time would no longer be appropriate as boundaries change at future redistributions.

These considerations pertain to the continued use of the existing electorate name Molonglo, given the recent creation of the district of Molonglo Valley, which will include a new suburb called Molonglo.

If the district of Molonglo Valley and the new suburb of Molonglo had not been created the Committee would have had no hesitation in proposing that Molonglo continue to be used as an electorate name. However, the Committee is mindful that, particularly in years to come when Molonglo Valley and the suburb of Molonglo become well established, considerable confusion could arise – for the same reasons that argue against the use of Gungahlin as an electorate name.

One option to minimise the potential for confusion could be to use the name Molonglo for the Central Canberra electorate, which is not proposed to include the district of Molonglo Valley. However, the Committee is not satisfied that this approach would be sufficient to avoid future confusion. Indeed, not including Molonglo Valley in the electorate of Molonglo could give rise to confusion in itself.

For these reasons the Committee has decided it would not be appropriate to re-use the name Molonglo for this proposed redistribution.

Turning to the other 2 existing electorate names, Brindabella and Ginninderra, the Committee noted that there was considerable support in the public submissions for retaining these names.

The Committee noted the submission from the Canberra Liberals, which stated: "The Canberra Liberals believe that the Commission should seek five new names for electorates. As it is unlikely that all incumbents will remain in three electorates, it is not fair that some MLAs could be perceived to be continuing in an electorate whilst others are 'perceived to be moving' to a new one. Using new names for each of the five electorates will remove this problem."

The Committee does not accept this argument against re-using existing electorate names. In other Australian jurisdictions, electoral boundaries frequently change while existing electorate names are retained. Given the major changes being made to the boundaries as a result of the increase in the size of the Assembly, the Committee is confident the ACT community will understand the necessity for some sitting MLAs to contest new electorates.

Accordingly, the Committee is satisfied that it would be appropriate to retain the name Brindabella for the Tuggeranong-based electorate; and to retain the name Ginninderra for the Belconnen-based electorate. As discussed above, each of these proposed electorates can be described as constituting the core of these existing electorates.

As a result of the above considerations, the Committee considered that it needed to propose 3 new names for the remaining electorates.

The Committee noted the theme adopted for the current electoral boundaries following the initial 1993 distribution of boundaries: using names of Aboriginal origin relating to physical features associated with the landscape of each electorate. The Committee considered that this theme remained appropriate, and noted that this theme was supported by a number of the public submissions.

Several names of Aboriginal origin were put forward in the public submissions. Before deciding which names to propose, the Electoral Commissioner wrote, on behalf of the Redistribution Committee, to a range of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations in the ACT region and sought their views on names that had been proposed in the public submissions, and also sought further suggested names of local Aboriginal origin.

Following this consultation process a number of names of Aboriginal derivation were suggested to the Committee. The Committee would like to acknowledge, in particular, advice provided by the United Ngunnawal Elders Council, the Ngambri Local Aboriginal Land Council and the Australian Institute of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Studies.

The Committee noted that its view that it should not use existing district or suburb names prevented it from proposing names that would otherwise be suitable as electorate names, such as Gungahlin, Pialligo and Yarralumla.

The Committee also noted that local Aboriginal names for many physical features in the ACT could not be established, particularly in the Central Canberra-based electorate. For example, it has not been possible to establish Aboriginal names for such features as Mount Ainslie, Black Mountain, Mount Majura or Red Hill.

The Committee endeavoured to identify names that had a significant connection to the physical features of each of the new proposed electorates. The Committee has decided to propose the following names.

The Committee proposes to retain the name **Brindabella** for the Tuggeranong-based electorate. As noted by the 1993 Redistribution Committee, the name Brindabella is derived from an Aboriginal word meaning "two kangaroo rats". It is the name given to the mountain range that dominates the south of the ACT.

The Committee proposes to retain the name **Ginninderra** for the Belconnen-based electorate. As noted by the 1993 Redistribution Committee, the name Ginninderra is derived from an Aboriginal word meaning "sparkling like the stars". It is the name given to the creek that flows through Belconnen and Gungahlin, which was dammed to form Lake Ginninderra, the lake on which the Belconnen Town Centre is sited.

The Committee proposes the name **Kurrajong** for the Canberra Central-based electorate. Kurrajong Hill was the name used by early settlers for Capital Hill, the site of the Australian Parliament House. The name Kurrajong is understood to be derived from an Aboriginal word for the tree, *Brachychiton populneus*. The Kurrajong tree occurs locally and would probably have been used by local Aboriginal people as a resource. Kurrajong trees are planted in several of the suburbs in Central Canberra, including Ainslie, Barton, Braddon, Forrest, Red Hill and Reid. Kurrajong Point is the point at the northern end of Weston Park on Lake Burley Griffin. While the word Kurrajong is not a local Aboriginal word, the Committee considers that its strong connection with Parliament House, Lake Burley Griffin and nearby suburbs makes it an appropriate name for the electorate centred around the Parliamentary Triangle.

The Committee proposes the name **Murrumbidgee** for the Weston Creek, Woden Valley and Molonglo Valley-based electorate. The Murrumbidgee River is a major tributary of the Murray River and the second longest river in Australia. It flows through New South Wales and the Australian Capital Territory, crossing both the proposed Weston Creek, Woden Valley and Molonglo Valley-based electorate and the Tuggeranong-based electorate. The name is derived from an Aboriginal word meaning "big water". Again, while this word is not a local Aboriginal word, it is a very significant feature of the landscape in the ACT.

The Committee proposes the name **Yerrabi** for the Gungahlin-based electorate. Yerrabi Pond is one of the major water features of the Gungahlin District. The word Yerrabi is derived from a local Aboriginal word meaning "go", "walk" and "to leave".

Redistribution Committee for the Australian Capital Territory
Phillip Green — Dorte Ekelund — Jeffrey Brown — Cassandra Gligora
30 March 2015

Appendix A: Constitution of proposed electorates

Proposed electorate of Brindabella

Suburb / District	Current electorate	Actual persons enrolled 29 August 2014	Actual persons enrolled 30 January 2015	Projected persons enrolled 20 October 2016
Banks	Brindabella	3549	3567	3659
Bonython	Brindabella	2848	2848	2859
Booth District	Brindabella	16	17	16
Calwell	Brindabella	4291	4303	4432
Chisholm	Brindabella	3859	3873	3979
Conder	Brindabella	3675	3699	3779
Cotter River District	Brindabella	1	1	1
Fadden	Brindabella	2452	2449	2507
Gilmore	Brindabella	2040	2038	2036
Gordon	Brindabella	5680	5720	5924
Gowrie	Brindabella	2400	2385	2454
Greenway	Brindabella	1246	1233	1344
Isabella Plains	Brindabella	3061	3049	3315
Macarthur	Brindabella	1189	1175	1212
Monash	Brindabella	4342	4353	4394
Mount Clear District	Brindabella	0	0	0
Oxley	Brindabella	1322	1322	1364
Paddy's River District	Brindabella	81	79	81
Rendezvous Creek District	Brindabella	4	4	4
Richardson	Brindabella	2246	2237	2219
Tennent District	Brindabella	7	8	7
Tharwa	Brindabella	67	70	67
Theodore	Brindabella	2770	2782	2881
Tuggeranong District south	Brindabella	23	24	23
Wanniassa	Brindabella	5907	5855	6019
Total		**53076**	**53091**	**54576**
Quota		**53776**	**54207**	**55969**
Variation from quota		**-1.30%**	**-2.06%**	**-2.49%**

Proposed electorate of Ginninderra

Suburb/District	Current electorate	Actual persons enrolled 29 August 2014	Actual persons enrolled 30 January 2015	Projected persons enrolled 20 October 2016
Aranda	Ginninderra	1839	1850	1851
Belconnen	Ginninderra	3325	3352	4098
Belconnen District south	Ginninderra	23	22	85
Bruce	Ginninderra	3982	3996	4592
Charnwood	Ginninderra	2130	2124	2198
Cook	Ginninderra	2197	2206	2236
Dunlop	Ginninderra	4840	4859	5176
Florey	Ginninderra	3610	3607	3697
Flynn	Ginninderra	2613	2613	2716
Fraser	Ginninderra	1595	1592	1625
Hawker	Ginninderra	2241	2230	2295
Higgins	Ginninderra	2249	2246	2318
Holt	Ginninderra	3431	3463	3870
Latham	Ginninderra	2745	2756	2810
Macgregor	Ginninderra	4533	4613	4603
Macquarie	Ginninderra	1876	1895	1964
Melba	Ginninderra	2414	2413	2418
Page	Ginninderra	1955	1942	2060
Scullin	Ginninderra	2034	2055	2054
Spence	Ginninderra	1951	1944	2035
Weetangera	Ginninderra	1986	1991	1936
Total		**53569**	**53769**	**56637**
Quota		**53776**	**54207**	**55969**
Variation from quota		**-0.38%**	**-0.81%**	**1.19%**

Proposed electorate of Kurrajong

Suburb/District	Current electorate	Actual persons enrolled 29 August 2014	Actual persons enrolled 30 January 2015	Projected persons enrolled 20 October 2016
Acton	Molonglo	606	578	590
Ainslie	Molonglo	4022	3994	4187
Barton	Molonglo	1027	1029	1086
Beard	Molonglo	0	0	0
Braddon	Molonglo	3291	3336	3850
Campbell	Molonglo	3659	3633	3692
Canberra Airport	Molonglo	1	1	1
Canberra Central District	Molonglo	0	0	0
Canberra City	Molonglo	1645	1726	2092
Capital Hill	Molonglo	0	0	0
Deakin	Molonglo	2301	2323	2309
Dickson	Molonglo	1530	1562	1475
Downer	Molonglo	2576	2588	2654
Forrest	Molonglo	1320	1314	1284
Fyshwick	Molonglo	29	26	29
Griffith	Molonglo	3291	3295	3296
Hackett	Molonglo	2244	2245	2273
Hume	Molonglo	16	15	16
Jerrabomberra District	Molonglo	16	16	16
Kingston	Molonglo	2989	3086	3160
Kowen District	Molonglo	24	22	24
Lyneham	Molonglo	3817	3826	3989
Majura District	Molonglo	63	64	63
Narrabundah	Molonglo	4314	4293	4281
Oaks Estate	Molonglo	206	206	206
O'Connor	Molonglo	4011	3992	4125
Parkes	Molonglo	1	1	1
Pialligo	Molonglo	92	88	92
Red Hill	Molonglo	2336	2335	2251
Reid	Molonglo	1156	1158	1166
Russell	Molonglo	0	0	0
Symonston	Molonglo	307	311	307
Turner	Molonglo	2722	2752	2789
Watson	Molonglo	4071	4031	4347
Yarralumla	Molonglo	2435	2456	2286
Total		**56118**	**56302**	**57937**
Quota		**53776**	**54207**	**55969**
Variation from quota		**4.36%**	**3.86%**	**3.52%**

Proposed electorate of Murrumbidgee

Suburb/District	Current electorate	Actual persons enrolled 29 August 2014	Actual persons enrolled 30 January 2015	Projected persons enrolled 20 October 2016
Chapman	Molonglo	2227	2209	2293
Chifley	Brindabella	1792	1790	1740
Coombs	Molonglo	0	13	268
Coree District	Brindabella	13	12	13
Curtin	Molonglo	3959	3983	4011
Denman Prospect	Molonglo	0	0	54
Duffy	Molonglo	2378	2384	2422
Farrer	Brindabella	2585	2599	2573
Fisher	Molonglo	2263	2274	2297
Garran	Molonglo	2316	2344	2278
Holder	Molonglo	2071	2078	2120
Hughes	Molonglo	2180	2201	2129
Isaacs	Molonglo	1918	1928	1861
Kambah	Brindabella	11684	11700	11903
Lyons	Molonglo	2019	2063	2168
Mawson	Molonglo	2210	2263	2168
Molonglo	Molonglo	0	0	0
Molonglo Valley District	Molonglo	2	2	2
O'Malley	Molonglo	719	729	719
Pearce	Brindabella	1957	1960	1943
Phillip	Molonglo	1481	1510	1458
Rivett	Molonglo	2362	2352	2420
Stirling	Molonglo	1467	1454	1468
Stromlo District	Molonglo	34	36	34
Torrens	Brindabella	1702	1716	1721
Tuggeranong District north	Brindabella	6	7	6
Uriarra	Brindabella	164	168	164
Waramanga	Molonglo	1981	1985	1988
Weston	Molonglo	2571	2591	2811
Weston Creek District	Molonglo	4	4	4
Woden Valley District	Molonglo	0	0	0
Wright	Molonglo	327	456	551
Total		**54392**	**54811**	**55587**
Quota		**53776**	**54207**	**55969**
Variation from quota		**1.15%**	**1.11%**	**-0.68%**

Proposed electorate of Yerrabi

Suburb/District	Current electorate	Actual persons enrolled 29 August 2014	Actual persons enrolled 30 January 2015	Projected persons enrolled 20 October 2016
Amaroo	Molonglo	3665	3706	3883
Belconnen District north	Ginninderra	6	6	6
Bonner	Molonglo	2735	2933	3003
Casey	Molonglo	2031	2309	2379
Crace	Ginninderra	1575	1823	1975
Evatt	Ginninderra	3889	3873	3938
Forde	Molonglo	2321	2417	2587
Franklin	Molonglo	2870	2989	3250
Giralang	Ginninderra	2535	2530	2544
Gungahlin	Molonglo	3422	3487	3512
Gungahlin District	Molonglo	9	9	9
Hall	Ginninderra	244	244	244
Hall District	Ginninderra	0	0	0
Harrison	Molonglo	3484	3674	3934
Jacka	Molonglo	76	103	166
Kaleen	Ginninderra	5566	5550	5617
Lawson	Ginninderra	0	0	213
McKellar	Ginninderra	2134	2123	2100
Mitchell	Molonglo	3	3	3
Moncrieff	Molonglo	0	0	109
Ngunnawal	Molonglo	6165	6240	6600
Nicholls	Ginninderra	5105	5104	5051
Palmerston	Ginninderra	3894	3940	3953
Throsby	Molonglo	0	0	32
Total		**51729**	**53063**	**55108**
Quota		**53776**	**54207**	**55969**
Variation from quota		**-3.81%**	**-2.11%**	**-1.54%**

Appendix B: Proposed electorate names

Proposed electorate names included in public suggestions

Name	Count
Acacia	1
Arrawang	1
Athlon	1
Belconnen	8
Bettong	1
Blundells	1
Bottle Brush	1
Brindabella	16
Canberra	2
Canberra Central	1
Canberra Valley	1
Central	4
Central Canberra	2
Central-East	1
Charles Ulm	1
City	1
Cooleman	1
Coree	1
Cowley	1
Cranleigh	1
Cuppacumbalong	1
Denman	1
Doyle	1
East	1
Eastern	1
Eastern Canberra	1
Eucalypt	1
Farnham	1
Florey	1
Gi	1
Gigerline	2
Ginninderra	15
Godwin	1
Goorooyarroo	2
Griffin	5
Gubur Dhaura	1
Gumnut	1

Name	Count
Gungaderra	4
Gungahlin	10
Gungahlin North Canberra	1
Henrietta Worrell	1
Howard	1
Inner Canberra	1
Inner East	1
Inner West	1
Jarramlee	1
Johnston	1
Kangaroo Paw	1
Karrugang	1
Kippax	1
Kwame	1
Lanyon	1
Limestone Plains	1
Linka	1
Lobelis	1
Mahoney	1
Majura	1
Majura	1
Marion Mahony Griffin	1
Ma-Ti	1
Meredith	1
Molonglo	16
Molongolo	1
Mouat	1
Mugga	1
Mugga-Mugga	1
Mulanggari	1
Murray	1
Murrumbidgee	1
Namadgi	3
Narrabundah	1
Ngambri	3
Ngunnawal	1
North	1

Name	Count
Northern	1
Outer East	1
Outer West	1
Paddy's River	1
Palmerston	2
Palmerville	1
Pegrum	1
Scrivener	1
Sheaffe	1
South	1
Southern	1
Springbank	1
Stromlo	4
Tennant	1
Tennent	1
Tharwa	2
The Lakes	1
Tidbinbilla	2
Trevor Kaine	1
Tuggeranong	8
Umbagong	2
Urayarra	1
Warrumbul	1
West	1
Western	1
Weston	1
Weston Woden	1
Wheeler	1
Whitlam	1
Woden	2
Woden/Molonglo	1
Woden Valley	1
Woden Weston	2
Woden-Weston	2
Yerradhang	1

Appendix C: List of public suggestions

Suggestions lodged with the Redistribution Committee pursuant to section 41(1)(a) of the *Electoral Act 1992*.

Copies can be obtained from http://www.elections.act.gov.au/electoral_boundaries/redistributions/2015_redistribution.

Organisations

ACT Greens
ACT Labor
Canberra Liberals
Gungahlin Community Council
Tuggeranong Community Council
Watson Community Association
Weston Creek Community Council
Woden Valley Community Council

Individuals

Adams, Michael
Bennett, Nathan
Brown, Benjamin
Cain, Steven
Chu, Samuel
Cocotti-Larkin, Patrick
Constance, Adrian
Copland, Simon
Crawford, Ben
D, R
Denny, Liam
Dignam, Joel
Goggs, Stephen
Gordon, Martin
Hettinger, Mike
Hull, Crispin
Hussey-Smith, Sam
Hynd, Douglas
Lehoczky, Adam
Leppert, Rohan
Lobel, Jason
Longmuir, Gavin
Lynch, Austin
Macdonald, Ross
Mann, Jeremy
Maroske, Peter
Martin, George
McAlpine, Sarlae
McSweeney, Darren
Mikli, Arno
Mitchell, Jared
Mulcair, Mark
Murphy, Ben 1
Murphy, Ben 2
Nelmes, Anne-Maree
Pettersson, David
Richter, Paul
Rowlands, Anne
Sadleir, Alexander
Sillis, Andy 1
Sillis, Andy 2
Sutherland, Peter
Walkley, Stuart
Walshaw, Tim
Welsh, Caitlin
Wheeler, Dave
Whitehead, Ray
Yu, Lancelot

Appendix D: List of public comments

Comments lodged with the Redistribution Committee pursuant to section 41(1)(b) of the *Electoral Act 1992*.

Copies can be obtained from http://www.elections.act.gov.au/electoral_boundaries/redistributions/2015_redistribution.

Organisations

ACT Labor
Watson Community Association

Individuals

Bennet, Nathan
Butt, Simon
Gordon, Martin
Little, Ben
Mulcair, Mark
Petrass, Joshua
Richards, Michele